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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/789,199	02/26/2004	Wilhelm Stein	5367-83	6966
7590 04/06/2006			EXAMINER	
COHEN, PONTANI, LIEBERMAN & PAVANE			LOUIE, WAI SING	
Suite 1210 551 Fifth Avenu			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
New York, NY 10176			2814	
			DATE MAILED: 04/06/2000	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/789,199	STEIN ET AL	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
•	•	Wai-Sing Louie	2814	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication approximation of the communication approximation approxima	ppears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addre	ss
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 10 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 1.136(a). In no event, however, may be will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mu tute, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this commit ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·
Status				
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) The Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal ma	·	erits is
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠ 8)□	Claim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>24-30</u> is/are withdray Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-5,9,10,12,15,16,20 and 31</u> is/are claim(s) <u>6-8,11,13,14,17-19,21-23 and 32</u> is/ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and sign Papers	awn from consideration. rejected. /are objected to.	*	
	The specification is objected to by the Examir	nor		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to th Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre The oath or declaration is objected to by the I	ccepted or b) objected to objected to objected to object of the drawing objection is required if the drawing objection is required in the drawing objection objected to object of the drawing objection objected to object of the drawing object	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1	` .
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents. application from the International Bure. See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in iority documents have bee eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Sta	ge
2) Notice 3) Information	ot(s) See of References Cited (PTO-892) See of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) See of Draftsperson's Patement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0- Ser No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-15	2)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-2, 4-5, 9-10, 12, 15-16, 20, and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burkhart et al. (US 4,210,389) in view of Butterbach et al. (US 6,228,456).

With regard to claims 1, 10, and 31 Burkhart et al. disclose a solid-state laser rod (col. 2, line 54 to col. 6, line 49 and fig. 3) comprising:

- A reflector (mirror) 20 of metal adapted to be formed over the semiconductor laser rod 6 (col. 4, lines 12-21 and fig. 3);
- A barrier layer 22 over the protective layer and the reflector layer 20 (col. 3, lines 32-34 and fig. 3);
- A solder layer 26 over the barrier layer 22 (col. 3, lines 32-34 and fig. 3),
- Burkhart et al. do not disclose a protective layer over the reflector layer 20.

 However, Butterbach et al. disclose an adhesive (protective) layer 5 over a metallic reflection layer 4 (Butterbach col. 4, lines 30-45 and fig. 1-2). Butterbach et al. teach that the adhesive layer protects the metal reflector against corrosion (Butterbach col. 3, lines 1-9). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Burkhart's device with the teaching of

Butterbach et al. to provide a protective layer in order to protect the metal reflector against corrosion.

Burkhart et al. modified by Butterbach et al. would have a protective layer. Since
the protective layer is an adhesive layer, and, therefore, the protective layer could
also be the coupling layer.

With regard to claim 2, Burkhart et al. modified by Butterbach et al. disclose a wetting layer 24 between the coupling (protective) layer and the solder layer 26 (fig. 3).

With regard to claim 4, Burkhart et al. disclose the mirror layer 20 contains silver or aluminum (col. 4, lines 60-61).

With regard to claim 5, Burkhart et al. disclose the thickness of the mirror layer is 100 nm (col. 4, lines 20-21).

With regard to claim 9, Burkhart et al. modified by Butterbach et al. disclose the protective layer is 30 um thick (Butterbach col. 4, line 47), but do not disclose the layer is between 5 and 15 nm thick. Since the applicant has not established the criticality of the thickness stated and since these thicknesses are in common use in similar devices in the art, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use these values in the device. Where patentability is said to be based upon particular chosen dimension or upon another variable recited in a claim, the applicant must show that the chosen dimensions are critical. In re Woodruff, 919 F2d 1575, 1578, 16 USPQ2d 1934, 1936 (Fed. Cir. 1990).

With regard to claim 12, Burkhart et al. disclose the barrier layer 22 is 3500 Å thick (col. 5, line 20).

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With regard to claims 15-16, Burkhart et al. disclose the wetting layer 24 contains platinum (col. 5, line 44) and the thickness is 50-100 nm (col. 5, lines 40-41).

With regard to claim 20, Burkhart et al. disclose the material of the solder layer being suitable for forming alloy with the material of the carrier body (col. 6, lines 18-27).

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Burkhart et al. (US 4,210,389) modified by Butterbach et al. (US 6,228,456) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Liu (US 6,806,544).

With regard to claim 3, Burkhart et al. disclose the light source is a laser rod 6, but do not disclose having a nitride compound semiconductor material. However, nitride compound semiconductor material is a common material for laser diode such as disclosed in Liu (Liu col. 8, line 48). Liu teaches the GaN laser diode could be driven with higher current and yield brighter output (Liu col. 1, lines 37-39). Liu's device comprises a laser rod 53 (Liu col. 7, line 19). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Burkhart's device with the teaching of Butterbach and Liu to provide a GaN laser diode to generate a laser beam through the laser rod in order to yield brighter output.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 12/27/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

- Applicant has amended claim 1 to overcome the "claim objection" and the "claim.
 objection" is now withdrawn.
- In response to applicant's arguments, the recitation "an electrical contact" has not been given patentable weight because the recitation occurs in the preamble. A preamble is generally not accorded any patentable weight where it merely recites the purpose of a process or the intended use of a structure, and where the body of the claim does not depend on the preamble for completeness but, instead, the process steps or structural limitations are able to stand alone. See *In re Hirao*, 535 F.2d 67, 190 USPQ 15 (CCPA 1976) and *Kropa v. Robie*, 187 F.2d 150, 152, 88 USPQ 478, 481 (CCPA 1951).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 6-8, 11, 13-14, 17-19, 21-23, and 32 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The prior art of record does not disclose or suggest either in singularly or in combination the following limitations and other elements in the claims:

References Burkhart et al. modified by Butterbach et al. and Liu do not disclose:

- A layer of electrically conductive material between the semiconductor chip and the mirror to improve the adhesion of the mirror layer.
- The layer contains Point, Photodiode or Ni.
- The coupling layer contains titanium and the thickness is between 30-70 nm.
- A gold layer is applied to the solder layer and the thickness is approximately 30 70 nm.
- The solder layer contains AuGe, AuSn, palladium, or nickel oxide.
- The alloy is a eutectic alloy.

Therefore, the above references do not disclose the claimed invention of present application and claims 6-8, 11, 13-14, 17-19, 21-23, and 32 are allowed.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

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Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wai-Sing Louie whose telephone number is (571) 272-1709. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wael Fahmy can be reached on (571) 272-1705. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Wai-Sing Louie

Patent Examiner

Wsl

March 31, 2006.